In Injury Cases

Hurt on Federal Property

The United States Court of Appeals handed down a decision last ment employees were negligent. week establishing the right of insurance companies to sue the United States government to re-The United States government to reto Peter Vambell, an employee of adopted by many Ohio c to the Federal Reserve Bank, who was insured Feb. 8, 1945, when a withstood its first in the on or by F let 1 property. The sixty-five-pound sack of coins fell —withstood its first p to on him at the General Post Office, court test here yesterday.

by the United States District! Thirty-third Court for Eastern New York.

William A. Hyman, attorney for the Aetna Casualty and Surety Company, said the decision "is of momentous importance to the inmomentous importance to the in-surance industry, and may re-alleging the government em-Insurance Firm Wins Right the government." Mr. Hyman said pany's right to sue wa sult in a flood of litigation against ployees were negligent. The comto Ask Payment for Client the ruling meant insurance companies could now sue government agencies to recover compensation payments where the companies felt the government or govern-

The action arose out of the pay-ment of compensation by Aetna

Street and Eighth Avenue.

The Actna Company had been paying compensation and medi-cal claims to Mr. Vambell, and then brought suit against the govpany's right to sue was upheld by

Ohio Pay-Roll Tax Upheld

Cent Levy by Cities Pag Its First Major Test

TOLEDO, Nov. 13 (AP).—The city pay-roll income tax—a means adopted by many Ohio c ties to nces Ohio

A. V. Baumann held the tax con stitutional. The tax is 1 per cent, In his opinion Judge Baumann

said the Ohio Constitution does not prevent a municipality from levy ing an income tax as part of its self-governing powers.

Toledo was the first Ohio city to adopt the pay-roll income tax. Other cities now collecting income tax include Columbus, Springfield, Youngstown and Portsmouth.